



ANNO 1800

The Board Game by Martin Wallace
For 2-4 players, ages 12 and up

Starting a new community on this island is going to be arduous, but you have dared to attempt it. With just a few residents in your town, you set up the first industries and the first ships lie at anchor. Everything appears to be ready to turn your island into a hub of industrialisation with new trade routes reaching into the Old and New World. But be sure to plan your venture into the new era well: resources and technologies are limited and the competition does not rest. A growing population brings new possibilities to your home island and an expanding fleet allows you to go on expeditions or to explore other islands. But it is not easy to find the correct balance between progress and a content population. If you continue to increase your influence then you will not only win favour with the Queen, but you will also win the game!

GAME COMPONENTS

4 Game aids



1 Gameboard



4 Home islands



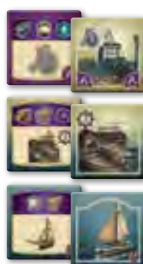
12 Old World islands



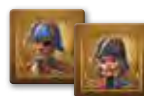
8 New World islands



120 Construction tokens



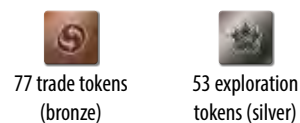
1 Starting player token



1 Fireworks token



130 Naval tokens



38 Gold tokens



102 Population cards



22 Expedition cards



20 Objective cards



125 Population cubes



GAME SETUP

1 Place the **gameboard** in the centre of the table. Sort all the **construction tokens** and place them on the gameboard according to their images. The blueprint side with the costs (purple bar) must be visible.

Number of construction tokens:

- 35 industries x 2 of each
- 4 x shipyard strength 1
- 6 x shipyard strength 2
- 4 x shipyard strength 3
- 6 ships x 6 of each

2 Shuffle the 3 **population card** stacks and the **expedition cards** separately and place them on their respective spaces on the gameboard facing down.

3 Shuffle the **Old and New World island boards** separately and place them to the right of the gameboard. Lay out the **naval and gold tokens** ready beside them.

4 Sort the **population cubes** and place them in the correct position to the left of the gameboard.



5 Place 5 **objective cards** and the **fireworks token** next to the population cubes. For the first game, take the objective cards with the 3 diamonds above their names: *Alonso Graves*, *University*, *Edvard Goode*, *Isabel Sarmento*, *Zoo*.

This is the **personal exhausted area**. When you are required to "exhaust" population cubes or naval tokens, place them in this area.





← **Residential district**
Place the available population cubes ready here.

← **Island field:**
land field

← land field with coast

← sea field



6 Each player is given one **home island** and places 4 farmers, 3 workers and 2 artisans on their respective residential districts. 1 trade token is placed on each of the two merchant ships and 1 exploration token is placed on the exploration ship.

7 To finish, each player is additionally given 7 farmer/worker and 2 artisans/engineer/investor cards as **their hand**.

8 Whoever was abroad most recently is the starting player and is given the **starting player token**.

9 The second player is given **1 gold**, the third player is given **2 gold** and the fourth player is given **3 gold**. The starting player then starts the game.

GAMEPLAY AND AIM OF THE GAME

In *Anno 1800 – The Board Game*, each player expands their own island by erecting new buildings, shipyard and ships, trading resources and satisfying the needs of the population. By producing or trading goods, cards can be played and yield influence points at the end of the game. The starting player begins, then one by one the players take turns in a clockwise direction until the end of the game is triggered by one player playing the last card from their hand. The current round is then completed. This is followed by a final round, after which the influence points are counted and the winner established. You will find a detailed scoring example on page 11.

TURN OVERVIEW

During their turn, each player has 1 action available. The possible actions are:

- | | |
|---|---------|
| ➔ Expand (industries, shipyards or ships) | Page 6 |
| ➔ Play & activate population cards | Page 7 |
| ➔ Swap population cards | Page 7 |
| ➔ Increase the workforce | Page 8 |
| ➔ Upgrade | Page 8 |
| ➔ Open up the Old World | Page 9 |
| ➔ Explore the New World | Page 9 |
| ➔ Take expedition cards | Page 10 |
| ➔ Celebrate a festival | Page 10 |

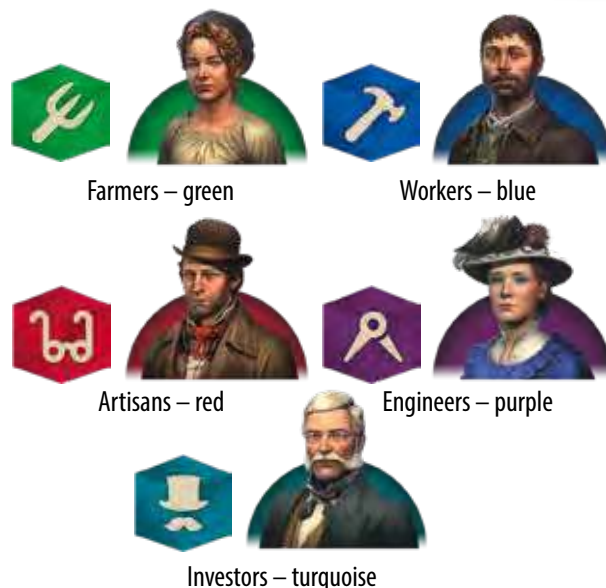
In addition, there are the free actions 'activate population cards' (page 7) and 'activate objective cards' (page 12), which can be carried out during your turn, provided that there are enough resources available to do so. The effects that you can use here are described in more detail on page 13.

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Before the individual actions are explained, you need to understand the core mechanics of *Anno 1800 – The Board Game*. The idea is to use the resources available to you to be able to carry out the favoured actions as efficiently as possible. Resource management consists of the elements: *production, trade and shift end*.

Production

Almost all actions require resources in order to carry them out. Resources are produced by population cubes. There are 5 different population cubes, each of which is assigned to a colour and a symbol:



In order to produce a resource, a population cube is moved from its residential district and placed on a **free workplace** on your island. The workplace specifies which population cube is required. By placing it down, the resource depicted is produced just **once** and must be used in the same turn. **This resource cannot be produced in advance for later turns.** Population cubes that have been placed down remain on their workplaces, but **do not produce any more** resources so long as they are there.

Linda needs beer for her turn. She already has the brewery for it, so she therefore moves one of her workers from their residential district to one of the two available workplaces. She has thus immediately produced 1 beer, which she can use during her turn. If she still needs beer, she has to use another worker.



In some cases no resources are required, just the **population cube**. In this case, the "workforce" of the population cube is used, as it were, without this cube being required on a specific workplace. In these cases, a population cube of the required type is moved from its **residential district to the exhausted area** to the left of the home island. Population cubes in the exhausted area cannot be used for **any other action** temporarily.



Andreas wants to build a warehouse and needs 1 brick and 1 artisan for this. He places one of his artisans on the brickworks and exhausts another artisan, who he places to the left of his home island.

Certain actions require naval tokens in order to carry them out. There are 2 types of naval tokens that **always have a value of 1**:



Trade tokens



Exploration tokens

In order to carry out these actions, naval tokens of the type and amount depicted are exhausted and taken from your own ships. Naval tokens in the exhausted area cannot be used for **any other action** temporarily.



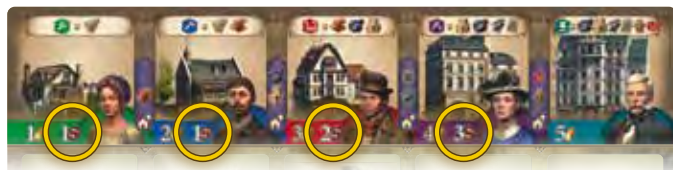
Linda wants to play a card that requires 2 exploration tokens. She has two merchant ships each having 1 trade token and one exploration ship having 2 exploration tokens. She can take the 2 tokens from the exploration ship and exhaust them. These can be used to play the card.

Trade

If a resource that the player cannot, or does not want to, produce themselves is required for an action, this resource can be obtained by trading it with one of the other players. For **each** resource traded, 2 requirements have to be fulfilled:

- 1) The active player has a sufficient number of trade tokens on their ships.
- 2) At least 1 other player has a construction token that can produce the resources required.

The number of trade tokens required is predetermined by the population tier that produces this resource. The costs are shown on the residential districts: **1 trade token for farmers and workers, 2 for artisans and 3 for engineers.** After the active player has exhausted the trade tokens required, the resource has therefore been produced.



The other player **cannot refuse** the trade, but does not place a population cube on a workplace either. They are given **1 gold** from the supply for this. Each trade is compensated for with 1 gold, regardless of how many trade tokens had to be used for this.

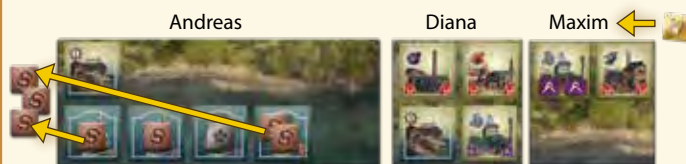
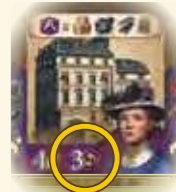
IMPORTANT!

- ➔ The **same resource can only be traded once per turn**. However, **several different resources** can be traded as long as the player has a sufficient number of trade tokens.
- ➔ Trading is also possible when the other player's workplaces are already occupied.

➔ Resources from the New World, population cubes and exploration tokens cannot be traded.

➔ Players cannot trade with themselves!

Andreas needs 1 penny farthing, but does not have the industry for this. His two teammates Diana and Maxim can both produce penny farthings. Therefore, he would like to trade with one of them. Since penny farthing production requires an engineer, Andreas has to exhaust 3 trade tokens (for the number, see residential district). He can now freely choose between Diana and Maxim, even if both of Maxim's workplaces are already occupied. He decides on Maxim, who is given 1 gold from the supply. Andreas has immediately 'produced' 1 penny farthings in doing so, which he can use during his turn. However, he wouldn't be able to trade penny farthings with Maxim or Diana for a second time in this turn, but could trade other resources.



Shift end

During their turn, each player can spend gold in order to ring in the shift end for their population cubes that have **already been used**. The chosen population cube is taken from its workplace or from the exhausted area and placed back on its residential district. It can therefore immediately be used again. **Spending gold always means placing it back in the supply.**

The amount of gold required for each population cube can be found in the respective residential districts:



Linda needs timber and several workers for her next actions. She spends 2 gold in order to send her two farmers from the sawmill back to their residential district (1 gold for each). As a result, both the workforce and the workplace are free. In addition, she spends 2 gold in order to send her worker from the exhausted area to their residential district. All three can be used again from now on.



ACTIONS

EXPAND

With the expand action, the players expand their islands by means of new industries **or** shipyards **or** ships. As a whole, the possible expansions are referred to as **construction tokens**. After the resources required for the construction have been produced, a built construction token is removed from the gameboard, turned over and placed on your own island with its built side **face up**.

Only one construction token can lie on each island field. **However, already built or pre-printed construction tokens may be built over.** This also applies to construction tokens that have been used for the token that has just been built. The construction tokens that have been built over are placed back on the gameboard. **During the expand action, 1 already built construction token may be removed from your islands and placed back on the gameboard at any point.** If there are any population cubes on a construction token that has been removed in this way, these counters are exhausted.

1



Andreas would like to build the window factory. For this, he needs planks and glass. He places a farmer in the sawmill and a worker in the glassworks, which he used to previously build over the potato farm (1). Then he takes the window factory, turns it over and decides to use it to build over his glassworks. Since the glassworks is not a pre-printed industry, he takes its construction token and places it back on the gameboard with the blueprint side facing up. He puts the worker that he has just placed on the glassworks in the exhausted area (2). He then places the window factory on his home island (3).

2

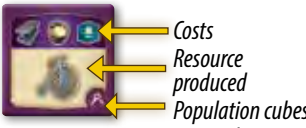


3



Industries

There are two of each industry on the gameboard. Each player may have no more than one of each industry. Only 1 industry can be built per expand action. Industries can be built on all land squares. The blueprint side of the industries shows which resources are required as costs (purple bar at the top), which resource can be produced there (resources symbol in the middle) and which type of population cube will be required for this (border colour and symbol). The building side shows two workplaces for specific population cubes (colour and symbol) and the resource that can be produced there.



Blueprint side



Building side

Every player may only have built identical industries **once**. This means that alternatives to the pre-printed starting industries may be built **in addition** to these. These alternative industries offer workplaces for workers instead of farmers or artisans and are therefore **not identical** with the starting industries. For example, a **second** sailmakers' workshop **for workers** may not be built. An exception occurs with the benefits of the Old World islands (page 9). It is not compulsory to build an alternative industry over its corresponding starting industry.

Shipyards

Shipyards show a number in a ship's wheel on their blueprint side and on their shipyard side. This indicates which maximum ship strength applies for the particular shipyard. Shipyard strength 1 can only build ships of strength 1, shipyard strength 2 can build ships of strength 1 or 2 and shipyard strength 3 can build all ships. Only 1 shipyard can be built per expand action, but each player can have **any number of shipyards** in each strength. Shipyards can only be built on land squares with a coast.



Blueprint side



Shipyardside

NOTE: The construction tokens "timber" and "shipyard strength 1" on the gameboard are actually free and can be built as normal in one expand action without resources having to be produced for this.

Ships

Ships are built in shipyards and the number of naval tokens on their blueprint side and on their ship side display which strength they have (1, 2 or 3).

During each expand action, you can build up to as many ships as there are shipyards on your island. Each shipyard can build 1 ship, with its strength being lower or equal to that of the shipyard. As with the shipyards, each player can have **any number of ships** of each strength.

The corresponding number of naval tokens is **immediately** placed on a constructed ship. New trade tokens can then be used instantly in order to trade resources for additional ships.

There are merchant and exploration ships and each shipyard can build both types. Ships can only be built on sea squares.



Blueprint side



Shipside

2

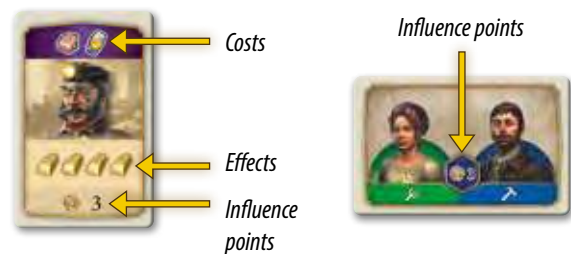


3



PLAY & ACTIVATE POPULATION CARDS

Each card played in the player region, whether it has been activated or not, provides its respective influence points at the end of the game.



SWAP POPULATION CARDS

Andreas has 3 cards in his hand that he would be happy to swap since they are difficult for him to fulfil. He places the 8 influence point card and the 5 influence point card underneath their stacks (artisans/engineer/investor and New World) and therefore draws 1 new card from each stack. In this example, the stack with the 3 influence point cards (farmer/worker) is already empty, and thus he can no longer swap this card and needs to keep it.



INCREASE THE WORKFORCE

With the “Increase the Workforce” action, up to **3 new population cubes** can be added to your home island from the supply. In order to add 1 population cube, the resources required for this have to be produced, which are indicated above the individual residential districts. The costs always correspond to exactly 1 population cube. Population cubes obtained in this way can be directly used to produce resources that are required for further increasing the workforce.



For **each** new farmer or worker, 1 farmer/worker population card must be drawn and added to your hand. For **every** new artisan, engineer or investor, 1 artisan/engineer/investor population card must be drawn and added to your hand.

If the workforce is to be increased but the corresponding **population card stack has already been used up**, no cards are drawn. Instead, for every population cube added, the **amount of gold indicated** on the gameboard must be spent. If this is not possible, the workforce cannot be increased and the population cube cannot be added.



Linda would like to add 3 new population cubes to her residential districts. She is perfectly free to decide which 3 and chooses 2 workers and 1 engineer. For this, she needs a total of 2 timber, 1 bricks, 1 coal, 1 goods, 1 steel beams, and 1 windows. She already has the improved charcoal kiln, brick factory and steelworks and therefore she can operate these with workers instead of artisans. However, she is still missing 2 workers to produce all the resources required. She therefore first produces 2 planks and 2 bricks in order to immediately place 2 additional workers on her residential district. In the second step, she uses these two workers together with her two artisans to produce the resources for the engineer and place her on her residential district.



Since Linda has therefore obtained a total of 3 new population cubes, she must also draw 3 new hand cards: 2 from the farmer/worker stack and 1 from the artisan/engineer/investor stack. In this example, there is only 1 card left in the farmer/worker stack. For the second card that she therefore cannot take, she must instead spend 1 gold, as indicated on the gameboard.

UPGRADE



With this action, **up to 3 upgrades** can be made to your population cubes. The resources required for this action are indicated above the upgrade symbol in between the residential districts of two population tiers. These resources are needed to make 1 upgrade from one type of population cube to the next:

Farmer → Worker → Artisan → Engineer → Investor.

The 3 upgrades can be **divided between 1 to 3 population cubes**.



A population cube that is to be upgraded is **replaced** by the new type from the supply. Since the number of population cubes is therefore not increased by upgrades, **no new population cards** are drawn either.

IMPORTANT: If the population cube to be upgraded is located on a construction token, the new population cube is also placed on this workplace. This means that the colours of the workplace and the population cube will now not match until the next shift end (page 5) or festival (page 10).

Andreas would like to carry out 3 upgrades. He wants to upgrade 1 farmer twice, i.e. become an artisan (1 bricks, then 1 coal and 1 goods) and 1 other farmer once, i.e. into a worker (1 bricks). The farmer to become a worker is already being used on a workplace, and so Andreas switches him in this place. He takes the other farmer from his residential district and places him back in the supply, and instead places a worker from the supply on the corresponding residential district. He does not take a population card, since the total number of his population cubes has not increased.



OPEN UP THE OLD WORLD

With the “Open up the Old World” action, your island can be extended in order to provide **more space for additional construction tokens**. In order to provide access to an Old World, **the number of exploration tokens currently needed** for this has to be exhausted. The first Old World island of each player requires 1 exploration token, the second 2, the third 3 and the fourth 4. These costs are independent from the number of New World islands that the player has. **No player can provide access to more than 4 Old World islands**. A maximum of 1 Old World island can be opened up per “Open up the Old World” action.



Old World islands are taken from the stack and set up to the right of your group of islands, face up. They extend the group of islands by 2 sea squares and 4 land squares, including 2 with coasts, all of which can be used for the expand action (page 6). The home island's squares do not need to be completely covered before providing access to an Old World island. Construction tokens can also still be built on the home island.

Old World islands bring a **one-time advantage** for the player. These are either effects (page 13) that are **immediately triggered** as soon as the island is opened up, or industries, shipyards or ships that can be used as usual. Only this way is it possible for players to have exact duplicates of an industry. For example, when the sailmakers' workshop for workers has already been built but another one is added by providing access to an Old World island.

In an earlier turn, Linda has already opened up an Old World island for 1 exploration token and as a result not only obtained more space for additional construction tokens, but also an improved warehouse. For her second Old World island, she now has to exhaust 2 exploration tokens. She takes the top Old World island from the face down stack and sets it up. Due to the one-time advantage, Linda immediately takes 2 expedition cards.



EXPLORE THE NEW WORLD

With the “Explore the New World” action, valuable **resources can be discovered from faraway islands for trading**. In order to explore a New World island, the **number of exploration tokens currently required** for this has to be exhausted, similar to providing access to Old World islands. The first New World island of each player requires 1 exploration token, the second 2, the third 3 and the fourth 4. The costs are independent from the number of Old World islands that the player has. **No player can explore more than 4 New World islands**. A maximum of 1 New World island can be explored per “Explore the New World” action.

For each New World island explored, the player must also draw 3 New World cards and add them to their hand.

Andreas urgently needs sugar cane from the New World so he can build a rum distillery. He exhausts an exploration token as it is his first New World island and additionally draws 3 New World cards that he adds to his hand.



New World islands are taken from the stack and placed in your player region face up. Each New World island displays 3 resources that it can produce.

In order to be able to use a resource from your New World island, a trade token must be exhausted, which can also be done several times during each turn. **The New World resources of other players cannot be traded**. However, this only applies to the New World resources and not to their succeeding industries. Tobacco, for example, cannot be traded, but cigars that require tobacco, can. No construction tokens can be built on New World islands.

The island explored actually offers sugar cane! In his next turn, Andreas directly exhausts a trade token and additionally produces timber in order to be able to build the rum distillery. Even though Linda already has a New World island with sugar cane, Andreas had to explore his own New World island since these resources cannot be traded with other players.



TAKE EXPEDITION CARDS

By means of the “Take Expedition Cards” action, players draw expedition cards that can bring additional influence points at the end of the game, but do not yield any other advantages until then. In order to start an expedition, the resources required for this have to be exhausted:

2 exploration tokens for up to 3 expedition cards.



Expedition cards are drawn from their stack on the gameboard and form a personal stack of cards **facing down** for each player below their home island. They do not count as the player's hand cards. You may look at your own expedition cards at any time.

Expedition cards each **display an animal for the zoo on the left** and an **artefact for the museum on the right**. The background colour and the symbol underneath indicate which population cubes are required as visitors at the end of the game in order to obtain the influence points indicated underneath the images. Each population cube can only be used for one square.

Linda has drawn 3 expedition cards during her turn. She keeps these a secret from the other players but aims to have 3 artisans, 2 engineers and 1 investor at the end of the game in order to obtain up to $1+1+2+3+2+1 = 10$ influence points. If she has just 1 artisan and 1 investor at the end of the game, for example, she obtains $1+3 = 4$ influence points.



CELEBRATE A FESTIVAL

If a player cannot, or does not want to, carry out any other actions, celebrating a festival allows them to reset population cubes and naval tokens. They can then be used again during later turns. For this, the entire population returns to their residential districts and all ships enter the harbours. In order to celebrate a festival, all population cubes and naval tokens are taken from the workplaces and from the exhausted area and returned onto their respective residential districts in the town or on the ships.



END OF THE GAME

As soon as a player has played the last card from their hand, i.e. they do not have any more population cards in their hand, the end of the game is triggered. This player immediately obtains the **fireworks token**. The current round is still played to the end so that every player has the same number of turns. After this, a final round is played before the game ends.

If the player that has triggered the end of the game receives any more population cards in their hand at any point, the end of the game still remains triggered and the player does not have to give up the fireworks token either.

Since Andreas is the starting player and Linda rings in the end of the game as the second player, after her turn the round continues to be played to the end, i.e. the other two players, Maxim and Diana, still each have one turn left. After this, Andreas begins the last round of the game so that everyone still has one last turn before the influence points are counted.

SCORING

Each player then counts their own influence points:

- Each **population card played** in their player region, whether facing up or down, gives the number of influence points indicated thereon:
 - Farmer/worker cards: 3 influence points.
 - Artisan/engineer/investor cards: 8 influence points.
 - New World cards: 5 influence points.
- The **expedition cards** are revealed and are occupied with the player's own artisans, engineers and investors corresponding to their background squares. These can be taken from the residential districts, from workplaces or from the exhausted area. Each population counter can only be used for one field on the expedition cards. **Each occupied field is scored separately** and then gives the influence points indicated underneath. Expedition cards do not have to be fully occupied to yield influence points.
- 3 **gold** yields 1 influence point.
- The **fireworks token** yields 7 influence points.
- Finally, check for influence points on the displayed **objective cards** (page 12).

Whoever now has the most influence points, wins! **If there is a tie**, the person who has the most industries, shipyards and ships overall, wins. Pre-printed construction tokens that have not been built over thus, of course, count. In the event of another tie, whoever has the fewest hand cards left, wins. Otherwise, the victory is shared.

TIP: You will find a score sheet that you can download at www.thamesandkosmos.co.uk/product/anno-1800/

ANNO 1800 THE BOARD GAME by Martin Wallace
SCORE SHEET

NAME	
Population Cards 3	
Population Cards 8	
Population Cards 5	
Expedition Cards	
Gold (1 per 3 Gold)	
Fireworks 7	
Objective Card 1	
Objective Card 2	
Objective Card 3	
Objective Card 4	
Objective Card 5	
TOTAL	



Linda counts her influence points:

- 11 cards each having 3 influence points. 3 cards each having 8 influence points and 4 cards each having 5 influence points
 $11 \times 3 + 3 \times 8 + 4 \times 5 = 77$ **influence points from population cards.**
 - 3 expedition cards, but which are missing an engineer
 $3 \times 1 + 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 = 8$ **influence points from expedition cards.**
 - 5 gold = **1 influence point.**
 - Since she triggered the end of the game, she has the fireworks token = **7 influence points**
 - The objective cards bring her:
 - Since she neither has the most nor the second-most engineers = **0 influence points.**
 - 6 influence points for each gramophone/penny farthing/steam motor industry = **6 influence points** (penny farthing).
 - 6 influence points for each New World island that she has = **6 influence points** (1 New World island).
 - 1 additional influence point for each zoo animal visited = **2 influence points** (2 visited zoo animals).
- Linda therefore has a total of
 $77 + 8 + 1 + 7 + 0 + 6 + 6 + 2 = 107$ **influence points.**

OBJECTIVE CARDS

Objective cards present you with chances and challenges of different figures and achievements from the *Anno* world. At the beginning of each game, you draw **5 random** objective cards that stay in for the entire game. You can of course also select your favourite combination. **For the first game, we recommend the objective cards *Alonso Graves*, *University*, *Edvard Goode*, *Isabel Sarmiento* and *Zoo*.**

There are two types of objective cards. **Most of the objective cards reward you with influence points at the end of the game** if you have fulfilled their requirements. They have a darker background than the **effect objective cards**. These have the same bright background as the population cards. They offer you specific effects that you can use during the game. These effects are not actions and are not used up during the game either. Each of you can therefore use them during your own turn if it ever seems appropriate or necessary.



Alonso Graves – Exhaust 3 exploration tokens **and** spend 3 gold in order to be able to carry out an additional action.



Aarhant – Exhaust 1 investor in order to obtain 5 gold from the **supply**.



The Editor – Exhaust 2 exploration tokens in order to return any 1 hand card under its appropriate population card stack. **No new** cards are taken.

IMPORTANT: The effect objective cards *Alonso Graves*, *Aarhant* and *The Editor* can each only be **used 1 per turn**.



Beryl O'Mara – 2 exploration tokens can be **used as 1** trade token. The tokens are not exchanged! However, 2 exploration tokens, for example, can be exhausted in order to trade for 1 resource produced by a farmer or worker. In this way, several resources can also be traded in one turn.



Carl Leonard von Malching, Eli Bleakworth, The Queen, Edvard Goode, Willie Wibblesock, Princess Qing – at the end of the game, each industry depicted on these cards gives the player that built them the adjacent number of influence points.



Hannah Goode, University, World's Fair, Madame Kahina, The Tourist – Each of these cards gives the player that has the most of the depicted elements (total population cubes, engineers, investors, trade tokens, expedition cards) 10 influence points at the end of the game. Whoever has the second most of these elements is given 4 influence points. In the event of a tie, all players involved in the tie are given the respective influence points. In the event of a tie between the players that have the most elements, the influence points for the second-most elements are also awarded.



Zoo, Museum – Each of these cards increases the influence points that you receive for visited animals or artefacts by 1. Therefore, an animal field of an expedition card occupied by an engineer is worth 3 influence points at the end of the game instead of 2, for example, if the zoo objective card is in play.



Bente Jorgensen – Each player that has provided access to a maximum of 1 Old World island at the end of the game obtains 18 influence points. The home island is not an Old World island!



Isabel Sarmiento – Each New World island that a player has explored gives 6 influence points at the end of the game.



Pyrphorian – At the end of the game, players lose 2 influence points for each population card that they still have in their hand. Populations cards that have been played but not activated do not count as hand cards.

COMBINATION OF OBJECTIVE CARDS

You normally draw 5 random objective cards at the beginning of the game. However, if you want to steer the game in a specific direction, you can orient yourself towards these suggestions in order to specifically combine the 5 objective cards:

- For a more **complex** game with more possibilities, take any number of effect objective cards (*Alonso Graves, Aarhant, The Editor, Beryl O'Mara*).
- For a more **confrontational** game in which you compete for points harder, take any number of objective cards that make the majority of specific game elements worth your while (*Hannah Goode, University, World's Fair, Madame Kahina, The Tourist*).
- For a more **fun** game with the focus on expanding the islands, take any number of objective cards that give you points for different industries (*Carl Leonard von Malching, Eli Bleakworth, The Queen, Edvard Goode, Willie Wibblesock, Princess Qing*).
- The Zoo and Museum objective cards place the focus on expedition cards.
- Use the *Pyrphorian* objective card to change both the feel of the game and your strategy. Since the card penalises you for leftover population cards at the end of the game, there is even more competition to trigger the end of the game and greater caution is taken when increasing the workforce.

EFFECTS OF THE POPULATION AND OBJECTIVE CARDS



You receive the depicted **population cubes** (place them on their respective residential districts) and the **corresponding population cards** to your hand. If the corresponding stack is empty, gold must be spent instead. If this is not possible, the effect cannot be used or not used to the full extent.



You receive the depicted **amount of trade or exploration tokens** and place them on the population card. You can use them like regular naval tokens, but after being used they are returned to the supply. **They are also returned to the supply if they have not been used before your next festival.**



You receive the depicted **amount of gold**. Place it in your personal supply.



You draw **2 expedition cards**. This effect expires if the expedition card stack is already empty.



You receive **one of the depicted New World resources, for free** one time and you have to use it when activating the card.



You receive up to **3 free upgrades** for your population cubes. You may only use them to improve the population cubes depicted. All upgrades that you want to use have to be used in the same turn and cannot be spread out across several turns.



You are given **an additional action** that you may carry out in accordance with the normal rules.



You may return any **2 hand cards under their respective population card stacks**. No new cards are taken.

IMPORTANT: Unlike all the other effects, you can only activate this effect during the turn where you played the card. At the end of your turn, you have to turn the card face down. You may no longer use this effect, and you **cannot** activate it in a later turn!

TIPS FOR GETTING STARTED

Anno 1800 – The Board Game can be quite overwhelming, particularly for your first few games. We would therefore like to share some tips with you that you can also use to offer some guidance to new players.

You will probably have the impression that the end of the game is far away. This is because the end is only triggered when a player has played the last card from their hand. For most of the game you will take population cards quicker than you can fulfil them. This is quite normal since your islands only have very sparse production possibilities at the beginning. As your town grows and gains inhabitants, population needs also grow and have to be met. It is not unusual for you to double the number of hand cards you started with. However, don't be fooled by the feeling that your game will never end! An important element of the game is to discover when to stop increasing your workforce, because you can effectively meet the needs of your population with what you already have. You should bear this in mind if you want to be the player to fulfil all of your hand cards in order to obtain the 7 bonus points.

However, this does not mean that this is always the correct path. Whoever triggers the end of the game ultimately still hasn't won and, in several game strategies, you are not at a disadvantage having leftover hand cards at the end of the game (unless the *Pyrphorian* objective card is in the game). You therefore may try to get cards and meet the needs of as many inhabitants as possible, while others may want to minimise their number of inhabitants in order to be able to control the end of the game more effectively.

The following is very important: each player's island gets better with every round. You have more industries, a larger navy and, as a result of trading, each person also profits from the advancement of the other players. And if a certain point of development is reached by all the players, the end of the game can happen quite suddenly because you are able to play your population cards far quicker than you receive new ones.

It is also important to carefully consider the number of festivals that you celebrate. This is because, when the entire town is celebrating, they aren't working. You should therefore try to make optimum use of your possibilities between these festivities.

Particularly at the beginning of a game, the question "where should I actually start?" may arise. It is worth noting the needs of your inhabitants on your hand cards. If specific resources crop up several times, you can begin with constructing one of their respective industries. Do some inhabitants require soap? Then start building a soap factory right away. In this way, you can go through the industries that are most important to you straightaway and get your game moving. There's nothing wrong with an early push to new shores either, in which you open up the Old World island with your fleet. The construction space may not yet be required at the beginning, but the one-time advantages of each island are.

Do not underestimate those industries that you already have either. For your 5 starting industries, each of which requires artisans, you can build alternative versions. Each of these require workers for the same resources and replace the artisans variant. Such an investment can, of course, be entirely worth it, since you come across workers more easily than artisans during the game and several cards and tokens need the resources produced in these industries.

As the game continues, it is also worth taking a look at industries that are a prerequisite for several others. Weapons are required, for example, when the exploration fleet is to be expanded, while cotton fabric is incredibly important for New World cards. An early investment in such industries will make you a lucrative trade partner for the other players.



REMARK REGARDING THE "GOODS" RESOURCE

Knowledgeable Anno-1800 fans and members of the Anno Union are sure to have stumbled over the 'goods' resource. They don't know it as a resource from the PC game, but as an icon for 'flotsam'.

Lastly, all resources are in fact goods, the production and use of which you organise. However, in *Anno 1800 – The Board Game*, the goods are an independent and equal resource such as, for example, timber. The crates represent a colourful mixture of different special goods: the grapes in champagne, copper and zinc for bronze or cargo for ships. The corresponding building on their construction token is therefore also the warehouse. It is a very versatile place of transshipment on your island and an important part of the infrastructure.

We have drawn on this solution in order to be able to capture the complexity of the PC game, but to guarantee accessibility and playability at the same time. Therefore, we can comprehensibly depict a wide range of resources and predominantly their connection to one another.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Martin Wallace and KOSMOS would like to thank everyone who took part in test games, reading the rules and developing the game and who have made *Anno 1800 – The Board Game* what you now hold in your hands with several creative ideas.

This especially applies to Steve Deng, Stephen Hurn, Sheree Hurn, Jason Kotzur, Sasha Jenkins, Edward Crompton, Colin Tudehope, Gabrielle Joyce, Ian Gent, Adrienne Ezell, Zack Byrne, Nathan Wirth, Christian Fiore, Katharina Mayer, Dorothea Wagner and André Deibert.

We would also like to thank Ubisoft Blue Byte and the entire Anno team of Ubisoft Mainz.

In memory of Piero Cioni.



THE AUTHOR



Martin Wallace, born in 1962, grew up in Manchester and currently lives in Australia. The qualified teacher and historian is now a full-time game designer and has already set up his own publishing house in the process. His complex strategy games often deal with economical aspects and are characterised by the thematic integration of historical events and locations.

With *Anno 1800 – The Board Game*, he combines this craft with the mechanics of the original PC game to form a clever competition for the most influential group of islands.



IMPRINT

Author: Martin Wallace

Design consultant: Stephen Hurn

Licence and Image Material: Ubisoft Blue Byte

Graphics: Fiore GmbH

Editing: Alexandra Kunz, Wolfgang Lüdtkke, Felix Noe, Kilian Vosse,

Nicky Thomas-Davies, Pamela Evans

© 2020 Ubisoft Entertainment. All Rights Reserved.

Anno 1800, Ubisoft and the Ubisoft logo are registered or unregistered trademarks of Ubisoft Entertainment in the US and/or other countries.

Anno, Blue Byte and the Blue Byte logo are registered or unregistered trademarks of Ubisoft GmbH in the US and/or other countries.

© 2021 Thames & Kosmos UK LP, 20 Stone Street,
Cranbrook, Kent, TN17 3HE, UK 01580 713000
www.thamesandkosmos.co.uk

© 2021 Franckh-Kosmos Verlags-GmbH & Co. KG
Pfizerstr. 5-7, 70184 Stuttgart, Germany
kosmos.de

© 2021 Thames & Kosmos LLC, 89 Ship Street,
Providence, Rhode Island 02903, USA 1-800-587-2872
www.thamesandkosmos.com

All rights reserved
MADE IN GERMANY

680428-VE-18032021-GB

QUICK REFERENCE

GAME PLAY

- In turns, 1 action each until one player does not have any more hand cards.
- Play the round to the end.
- Play an additional last round.
- Count influence points.
 - Most influence points = winner.

COUNT INFLUENCE POINTS (page 11)

- Played population cards (facing up and down).
- Visited fields of the expedition cards.
- 3 gold = 1 influence point.
- Fireworks token = 7 influence points.
- Fulfilled objective cards.

PRODUCTION (page 4)

- Place down population cubes that are predetermined by the workplace in order to produce the depicted resource 1 x and to use it in the same turn.
- Directly required population cubes or naval tokens are exhausted.

TRADE (page 5)

- Exhaust trade tokens in order to use 1 of the other players' industries.
The number is determined by the population tier that the other player would need in order to produce this resource.
- The other player receives 1 gold from the supply.
- Trade cannot be refused and you cannot trade with yourself.
- Occupied workplaces do not hinder trade.
- Population cubes, naval tokens and resources of the New World islands that are directly required cannot be traded.

SHIFT END (page 5)

- Spend gold to return a population cube to its residence from either a workplace or the exhausted area. The number of gold tokens is determined by the population tier.
- Provided that sufficient gold is present, several population cubes can be returned.

EXPAND (industries, shipyards or ships) (page 6)

- Produce resources in order to build 1 construction token.
- You can build up to 1 ship per shipyard in an expansion action (pay attention to ship strengths of the shipyards!).
- Ships immediately obtain naval tokens in order of their strength.
- Place construction tokens that have been built over back on the gameboard.
- Industries → land squares, shipyards → land squares with coast, ships → sea squares.
- A maximum of 1 of each industry can be built at the same time, shipyards and ships can be built as often as you want.

PLAY AND ACTIVATE POPULATION CARDS (page 7)

- Produce resources in order to play 1 card.
- Any number of cards can be activated during your turn at any time – free action!
The card effects are one-time.

SWAP POPULATION CARDS (page 7)

- Slide up to 3 hand cards under their respective stacks and then draw the same number of cards from the same stacks.

INCREASE THE WORKFORCE (page 8)

- Produce resources in order to place up to 3 new population cubes on their residential district and to take 1 corresponding card for each new population cube.
- If the population card stack is empty, gold must be spent for every card that is not drawn. If this is not possible, the action cannot be (fully) carried out.

UPGRADE (page 8)

- Produce resources in order to carry out up to 3 upgrades.
- Each tier change is 1 upgrade. Order of the upgrades:
Farmer → worker → artisan → engineer → investor.

OPEN UP THE OLD WORLD (page 9)

- Exhaust exploration tokens in order to set up 1 Old World island and to carry out its effect, if possible.
- 1/2/3/4 exploration tokens → 1st/2nd/3rd/4th Old World island.
- Maximum 4 Old World islands per player.

EXPLORE THE NEW WORLD (page 9)

- Exhaust exploration tokens in order to set up 1 New World island and to take 3 New World cards.
- 1/2/3/4 exploration tokens → 1st/2nd/3rd/4th New World island.
- Maximum 4 New World islands per player.
- Exhaust 1 trade token in order to produce 1 New World resource (cannot be traded).

TAKE EXPEDITION CARDS (page 10)

- Exhaust 2 exploration tokens in order to draw up to 3 expedition cards and place them face down in front of you.
- You may look at your own expedition cards at any time.

CELEBRATE A FESTIVAL (page 10)

- Return all population cubes and naval tokens from workplaces and from the exhausted area back to their residential district or on their ship.

ACTIVATE OBJECTIVE CARDS (page 12)

- Apply the action specified on the available objective card — free action!
- *Alonso Graves*, *Aarhant* and *The Editor* can be activated no more than 1 per turn.